STEPTOE & JOHNSON LLP

EX PARTE OR LATE FILED

ATTORNEYS AT LAW

1330 CONNECTICUT AVENUE, N.W.

PHOENIX, ARIZONA TWO RENAISSANCE SQUARE

TELEPHONE: (602) 257-5200 FACSIMILE: (602) 257-5299

> Philip L. Malet (202) 429-6239

WASHINGTON, D.C. 20036-1795

(202) 429-3000 FACSIMILE: (202) 429-3902 TELEX: 89-2503

STEPTOE & JOHNSON INTERNATIONAL AFFILIATE IN MOSCOW, RUSSIA

TELEPHONE: (011-7-501) 258-5250 FACSIMILE: (011-7-501) 258-5251

December 17, 1996

DEC 1 7 1996

Faderal Communications Committeen

DELIVERY BY HAND

Mr. William F. Caton Acting Secretary Federal Communications Commission 1919 M Street, N.W. Washington, D.C. 20554

Office of Secretary Notice of ex parte presentation in RM-8811, ET Docket No. 95-183/ RM-8553, PP Docket No. 93-253, ET Docket No. 94-124, RM-8308

Dear Mr. Caton:

Motorola Satellite Systems, Inc. ("Motorola"), through its attorneys, and pursuant to Section 1.1206 of the Commission's rules, hereby reports that an oral ex parte presentation was made on this date by representatives of Motorola to Mr. Rudolfo M. Baca in Commissioner Quello's office. During this presentation the attached documents were distributed and discussed along with the positions of Motorola as set forth in its comments in the above-referenced proceedings.

An original and six copies of this letter are being submitted for inclusion in the above-referenced dockets. Copies of this notice are also being sent to those Commission personnel in attendance at the presentation.

Respectfully submitted,

Philip L. Malet

Counsel for Motorola Satellite Systems, Inc.

cc: Mr. Rudolfo M. Baca

No. of Copies rec'd List ABCDE



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

The M-Star System

A Global Network of Non-Geostationary Communications **Satellites Providing Broadband Services** in the 40/50 GHz Bands

Filed 4 September 1996 by:

Motorola Satellite Systems, Inc.



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

M-Star Presentation Outline

- Introduction
- **Business Plan**
- System Architecture
- Spectrum Plan
- **Sharing Considerations**
- **Sharing Rules**
- **Summary**



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

Business Application

- The M-Star System Provides a Global Communications Network
- That offers:
- » Real time, wideband information transfer of digital video, data, voice, and Audio
- **Using Multiple Protocols:**
- » ISDN, X.25, FDDI, OC-1, Plus Others
- At Data Rates From:
- » 2.048 Mbps to 51.84 Mbps

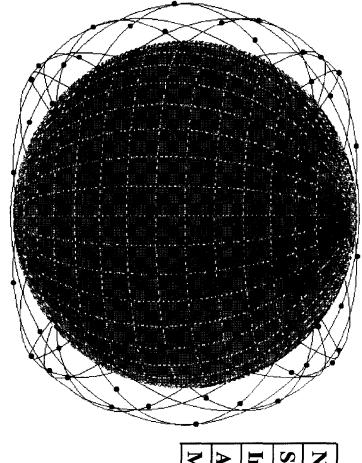


Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

M-Star Constellation



Number of Planes: Satellites per Plane: Inclination:	12 6 47°
Inclination:	4 7 °
Altitude:	1350 km
Minimum Elevation Angle:	22°



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

M-Star Multiple Coverage 12 x 6 Constellation Coverage Levels Minimum Elevation Fixed = 22 Deg Coulshe Coverage (Firsts Coverage)

8

Page 5 CB - RK

ð

đ

8

8

8

8

8

8

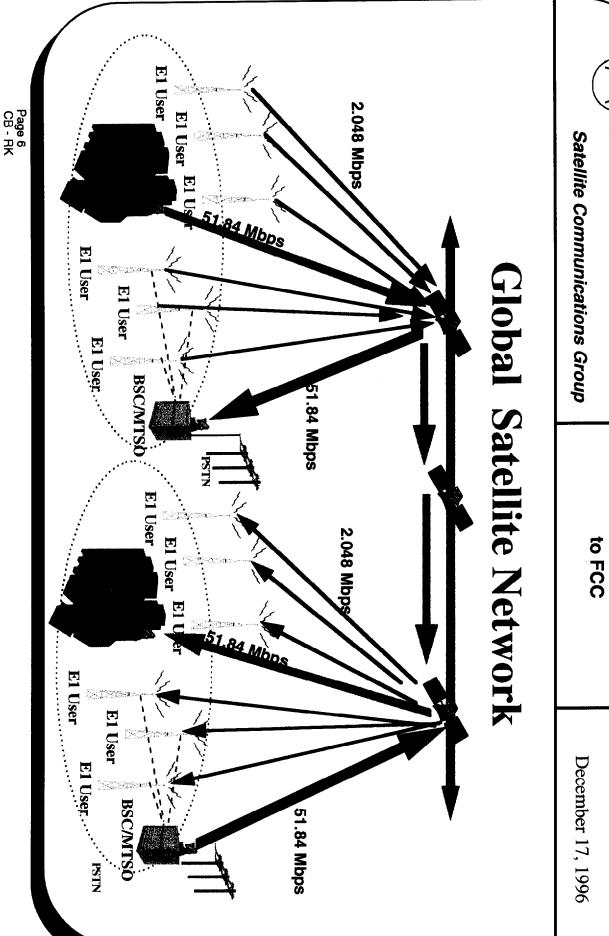
Latitude (Deg)

B

SURCO



M-Star Presentation





Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

M-Star Services

- Interconnection Between Wireless Backhaul
- Large Private Data Networks
- Large business terminals
- **Enterprise networks**
- LAN-to-LAN Direct Connections
- Small Services Connectivity or Aggregate Of Service **Providers (E-1)**



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

M-Star Spectrum Requirements

- Service Links:
- space-to-Earth: 37.5 40.5 GHz
- Earth-to-space: 47.2 50.2 GHz
- **Inter-Satellite Links:**
- 59.0 64.0 GHz or 65 71 GHz
- TT&C Links (normal):
- Operates in service link bands
- TT&C Links (launch and emergency):
- Earth-to-space: 1750 1850 MHz and 2025 2110 MHz
- space-to-Earth: 2200 2290 MHz



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

Spectrum Selection Criteria

- Sufficient Bandwidth to Provide High Data Rate Services
- Last Usable Satellite Spectrum
- Global Availability



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

M-Star System Designed to Share Spectrum

- With Other Fixed Satellite Service Systems Using Space **Diversity Techniques**
- **GSO's**
- NGSO's
- With Point-to-Point Fixed Systems
- Subject to Reasonable Sharing Rules
- **Sharing Not Feasible**
- **Mobile Service**
- Point-to-Multi-point
- SkyStation



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

Fixed Satellite Service/Fixed Service **Sharing Scenario**

37.5-40.5 GHz

- Spectrum Sharing Is Achievable When Following Sharing Constraints Are Met.
- » M-Star Interference Into Fixed Service:
- Can share without coordination
- Fixed Service Into M-Star Earth Stations:
- M-Star will accept interference without coordination
- Fixed Service transmitters are limited to an EIRP of less than -22 dBW/MHz

And: Adaptive Power Control is applied for fading conditions

47.2-50.2 GHz

Spectrum Sharing Is Achievable by Coordination or Band Segmentation.



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

ADAPTIVE POWER CONTROL

Technical Approach

- Design Considerations
- EIRP Density Limit (-22 dBW/MHz) => Have approximately 10 dB of margin to meet BER rate of 10⁻⁶ in unfaded conditions for a 2.3
- Dynamic Range => Need approximately 50 dB for full fading conditions due to precipitation. Fading rates are expected to be less
- » Detection Criteria => Use error rate detector to set link power.

Minimal Increased Capital Cost

- Typically less that \$300 per site
- Multiple hardware design approaches are available, all are with today's technology.



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

ADAPTIVE POWER CONTROL (Cont.)

Benefits

- Minimizes Intra-System Interference
- Allows for Fixed Service links to be closer together
- **Enhances Sharing with Fixed Satellite Service Terminals**
- Increase Reliability resulting in lower operational and maintenance cost
- Allows unrestricted deployment of Fixed Service links



Satellite Communications Group

M-Star Presentation to FCC

December 17, 1996

SUMMARY

- Important to Preserve Fixed Satellite Service Spectrum Above 30 GHz
- Satellite Technology is currently available to use the **40/50 GHz Bands**
- are Feasible Proposed Fixed Satellite Service/Fixed Service Sharing Rules
- Significant Demand Exists for Global High Speed Data Networks
- Satellites are Uniquely Positioned to Serve This Market